

It's Time To Visit LEBANON

2025-2026 packages



Full Package
4 Days 3 Nights

Itinerary:

Day 1:

- Arrival to Beirut International Airport
- Meet and Assist at the Airport
- Transfer to Hotel
- Check in
- Overnight at the hotel

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Day 2:

- Breakfast at the hotel
- Beirut City tour (Capital of Lebanon)- National Museum, Pigeon Rock and Downtown Beirut
- El Chouf tour - Beit Eddine and Deir El Qamar
- Return to Hotel
- Overnight

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Day 3:

- Breakfast at the Hotel
- Harissa Tour- Lady of Lebanon statue and shrine
- Byblos Tour
- Batroun Tour
- Return to hotel
- Overnight Stay at the hotel

Day 4:

- Breakfast at the hotel
- Check Out
- Transfer to Airport
- Departure

End of tour





Baalbek

The Temples of Baalbek, located in Lebanon, are among the most remarkable ancient Roman ruins in the world.

The temples of Baalbek served as centers of religious worship and pilgrimage during ancient times, attracting devotees from across the Roman Empire. Today, they stand as UNESCO World Heritage Sites, symbolizing the enduring legacy of ancient civilizations and captivating visitors with their historical significance and architectural splendor.

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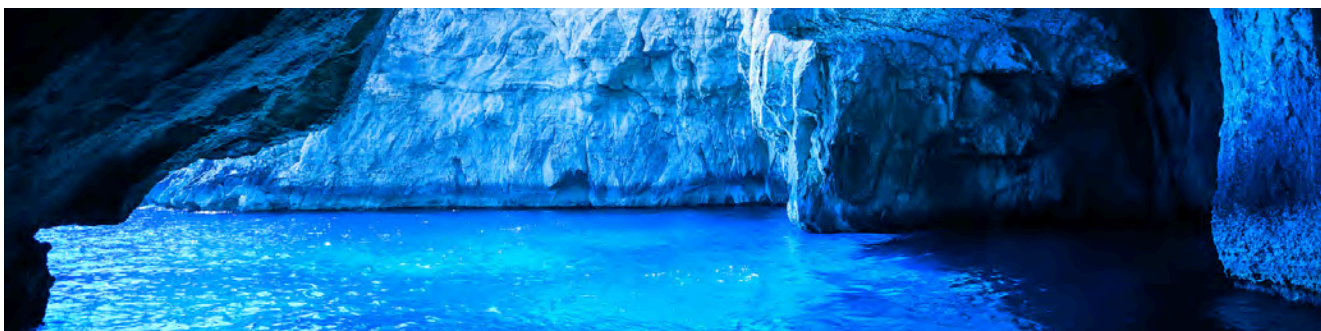
Jeita Grotto

Upper Grotto

A visit on foot with an exciting adventure over a distance of some 700 m from the cave's total length of 2200 m will stun the visitor with the spectacular beauty of the extraordinary amazing limestone formations.

Lower Grotto

A short dreamy boat trip over a distance of some 400 m from the cave's total of 7800 m will captivate the visitor carrying him to another world full of peace and haunting splendor.





Beirut National Museum

The National Museum of Beirut is the principal museum of archaeology in Lebanon, located in Beirut, the capital city.

Its collections include objects dating from prehistoric times to the Ottoman period, showcasing Lebanon's significance as a crossroads of civilizations in the ancient Near East. The museum houses artifacts such as sculptures, ceramics, jewelry, mosaics, and sarcophagi, many of which were excavated from archaeological sites across Lebanon.

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Byblos

Byblos's rich cultural heritage, archaeological treasures, and scenic beauty make it a captivating destination that showcases Lebanon's ancient past and vibrant present. Whether exploring its ancient ruins, dining by the sea, or wandering through its bustling markets, visitors to Byblos are sure to be enchanted by its timeless charm and historical significance.





Qadisha Valley

Designated as a UNESCO World Heritage Site, the Qadisha Valley is a rugged and picturesque valley dotted with monasteries, caves, and historic churches. It's a popular destination for hiking, exploring ancient hermitages, and experiencing Lebanon's stunning natural beauty.

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Tyre

It was a major Phoenician city and later became an important hub during Roman times. The city boasts impressive ruins, including a well-preserved Roman Hippodrome and a Crusader-era Sea Castle. Tyre's coastal location also makes it a popular destination for beachgoers, offering beautiful sandy shores and clear blue waters along the Mediterranean Sea

The city's Old City area features traditional souks and winding streets, providing visitors with a glimpse into its rich cultural heritage. Tyre's archaeological sites and coastal charm make it a captivating destination for travelers interested in history, archaeology, and seaside relaxation.





Beiteddine Palace

Beiteddine Palace, located in the picturesque Chouf Mountains of Lebanon, is a masterpiece of Lebanese-Ottoman architecture. Built in the 19th century by Emir Bashir II, the palace served as his residence and the seat of government during his reign. It is renowned for its stunning architectural features, intricate mosaics, and ornate interiors.

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Cedars of God

The Cedars of God, or Arz el-Rab, represent a sacred forest of ancient cedar trees nestled in the mountains of northern Lebanon. These majestic trees have significant historical, cultural, and religious importance, symbolizing Lebanon's resilience and natural heritage.

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